

**KARAKTERISTIK PASIEN GAGAL GINJAL KRONIK YANG
MENJALANI HEMODIALISA DI RUMAH SAKIT UMUM DAERAH
DR.H. CHASAN BOESOIRIE TERNATE**

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ABSTRAK

Latarbelakang: Gagal ginjal kronik adalah suatu keadaan klinis yang ditandai dengan penurunan GFR kurang dari 60 mL/min/1,73m² selama minimal 3 bulan yang irreversible. Menurut WHO penyakit ginjal kronik berkontribusi pada beban penyakit dunia dengan angka kematian sebesar 850.000 jiwa per tahun. **Metode:** Penelitian ini bersifat kuantitatif deskriptif dengan metode *cross sectional*. Sampel berjumlah 57 pasien. Jenis data yang digunakan adalah data primer diperoleh langsung dari responden dengan menggunakan lembar kuesioner, data yang telah diolah dan dianalisa yang didapat dan disajikan dalam bentuk tabel dan narasi dengan hasil akhir proporsi. **Hasil dan Kesimpulan:** Hasil analisis menunjukkan pasien gagal ginjal kronik yang menjalani hemodialisa di RSUD Dr. H. Chasan Boesoirie Ternate sebagian besar adalah kelompok usia 51-60 tahun sebanyak 23 responden (40,35%), jenis kelamin laki-laki sebanyak 30 responden (52,63%), tempat tinggal terbanyak terdapat pada daerah perkotaan sebanyak 53 responden (92,98%), tingkat pendidikan terbanyak yaitu SMA sebanyak 23 responden (40,35%), pekerjaan terbanyak terdapat pada burumaha tanggase sebanyak 20 responden (35,09%), status pernikahan terbanyak pada kategori sudah menikah yaitu sebanyak 56 responden (98,25%), status ekonomi terbanyak pada kategori berpenghasilan <Rp. 2.500.000 per bulan sebanyak 32 responden (56,14%), riwayat penyakit diabetes mellitus sebanyak 21 responden (36,84%).

Kata kunci: gagal ginjal kronik, hemodialisa, karakteristik

**THE CHARACTERISTICS OF CHRONIC RENAL FAILURE PATIENTS
THAT UNDERWENT THE HEMODIALYSIS AT RSUD DR. H. CHASAN
BOESOIRIE TERNATE**

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ABSTRACT

Background: Chronic renal failure is a clinical condition marked by the decrease in the GFR less than 60 mL/min/1,73m² for at least 3 months which is irreversible. According to WHO, chronic renal disease contributed on the world's disease burden with death rate of 850.000 people per year. **Method:** This research is a descriptive quantitative type with cross sectional method. The samples total of 57 patients. The type of data used is primary data obtained directly from the respondents by using questionnaire sheets, processed and analyzed data obtained are presented in the form of tables and narations with proportion as the final result. **Result and Conclusion:** The analysis results showed that the chronic renal failure patients that underwent hemodialysis at RSUD Dr. H. Chasan Boesoirie Ternate mostly are in the age group of 51-60 years as many as 23 respondents (40,35%), male gender as many as 30 respondents (52,63%), the residence mostly are in urban areas as many as 53 respondents (92,98%), the education level mostly are High Schools as many as 23 respondents (40,35%), the jobs mostly are housewives as many as 20 respondents (35,09%), marrital status mostly are in the married category as many as 56 respondents (98,25%), economic status mostly are in the income <Rp. 2.500.000 per month category as many as 32 respondents (56,14%), history of diabetes mellitus as 21 respondents (56,14%)

Keywords: chronic renal failure, hemodialysis, characteristic

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