

# POTENSI PENGEMBANGAN EKOWISATA HUTAN DESA AKE BALANDA KELURAHAN MOYA KOTA TERNATE

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## ABSTRAK

Ekowisata Hutan Desa Ake Balanda dengan Izin SK.2059/Menlhk PSKL/PKPS/PSL.0/4/2017 luas sekitar 139,00 Ha fungsi kawasan Hutan Produksi yang dapat dikonversi. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui penilaian serta potensi sumberdaya flora pada kawasan ekowisata. Menggunakan teknik observasi, wawancara terstruktur, inventarisasi. Pendekatan metode *systematic sampling with random start* dengan jumlah 20 petak dari total pengamatan 2 Ha. Analisis deskriptif, unsur-unsur penunjang ekowisata, Potensi pengembangan ekowisata. Pengembangan ekowisata di hutan desa ake balanda sudah menunjukkan hasil yang cukup baik dengan klasifikasi unsur penunjang kelas rata-rata baik. Unsur Penunjang daya tarik ekowisata terdapat Jumlah Skoring 1.050. Aksebilitas Jumlah Skoring 600. Kondisi sekitar kawasan Jumlah Skoring 675. ketersediaan Air Bersih Jumlah Skoring 840. Akomodasi Jumlah Skoring 150. Prasarana dan Sarana terdapat Jumlah Skoring 300. Jumlah keseluruhan skor potensi ekowisata adalah 595. sehingga obyek ekowisata Hutan Desa Ake balanda berpotensi dikembangkan. Potensi flora ditandai dengan ditemukannya 31 jenis tanaman yang dikembangkan. terutama tanama Pala yang memberikan kontribusi bagi pengembangan atau pengelola ekowisata hutan desa ake balanda dibidang flora dan menghasilkan produk berupa manisan dan sirup pala. Kesimpulan Jumlah keseluruhan skor potensi ekowisata 595 berpotensi dikembangkan. Potensi flora pada ekowisata terdapat 31 jenis tanaman yang dikembangkan tanama Pala yang memberikan kontribusi menghasilkan produk berupa manisan dan sirup pala.

Kata kunci: *Ekowisata, Ekosistem Hutan, Ake Balanda.*

## **POTENTIAL DEVELOPMENT OF FOREST ECOSYSTEMS IN AKE BALANDA DISTRICT OF MOYA TERNATE**

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### **ABSTRACT**

Ake Balanda Village Forest Ecotourism with Permit SK.2059 / Menlhk PSKL / PKPS / PSL.0 / 4/2017 an area of approximately 139.00 Ha functions of the Convertible Production Forest area. This study aims to determine the assessment and potential of flora resources in the ecotourism area. Using observation techniques, structured interviews, inventory. The approach is a systematic sampling method with random start with a total of 20 plots of a total observation of 2 Ha. Descriptive analysis, supporting elements of ecotourism, potential for ecotourism development. The development of ecotourism in Ake Balanda village forest has shown good results with a good average classification of class supporting elements. Supporting elements of ecotourism attractiveness there is a total score of 1,050. Accessibility Total Scoring 600. Conditions around the area Scoring 675. Availability of Clean Water Scoring 840. Accommodation Scoring 150. Infrastructure and Facilities Scoring 300. The total score of potential ecotourism scores is 595. so that the object of forest ecotourism in Ake Balanda village has the potential to be developed. The potential of flora is indicated by the discovery of 31 types of plants developed. especially Nutmeg plants which contribute to the development or management of forest ecotourism in Ake Balanda village in the field of flora and produce products in the form of sweets and nutmeg syrup. Conclusion The overall score for the potential for ecotourism is 595 for potential development. The potential of flora in ecotourism is that there are 31 types of plants developed by the nutmeg plant which contribute to producing products in the form of sweets and nutmeg syrup.

**Key Word:** *Ecotourism, forest ecosystem, Ake Balanda.*