

ABSTRACT

Ridal Nujrahman Harnaiya. Verb Process in Wangi-wangi Dialect in Taliabu Regency. (supervised by Dr. Suddin MS Djumadil and Sunaidin Ode Mulae).

This study aims to analyze the Verb Process in Wangi-wangi Dialect in Taliabu research uses the Qualitative method which is since on oral, data collection is doing by listening and competent methods accompanied by record and note taking techniques. The data collected was analyzed by the Traditional method.

The results of this research show the following matters. Verb Forms of the Fragrance Language Process in Talibu include the basic Verb form and Noun form. Noun forms include: {PA} - {HE} prefixed {NO} {PA} {PO}- NO, HE bersufiks {E} - {U} - {A}-a combined repetition and affixing of suffix {PA}-{A} repetition combined confix affixing. Verbal morphological behavior The process is observed through the meaning of the verb aspectuality.

Key words: Verb Process in Wangi-wangi Dialect in Taliabu

ABSTRAK

Ridal Nujrahman Harnaiya. Verb Process in Wangi-wangi Dialect in Taliabu Regency. (di bimbing oleh: Dr. Suddin MS Djumadil and Sunaidin Ode Mulae).

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis Verba Proses dalam Dialek Wangi-wangi di Taliabu, proses penelitian ini menggunakan metode Kualitatif yang bersumber dari data lisan pengumpulan data di lakukan dengan metode simak dan metode cakap yang disertai dengan teknik rekam dan teknik catat. Data yang terkumpul dianalisis dengan metode Tradisional.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan hal-hal sebagai berikut. Bentuk Verb Proses Bahasa Wangi-wangi di Taliau meliputi bentuk Verba dasar dan bentuk Nomina. Bentuk Nomina meliputi: {pa}-{he} berprefiks {no}-{Pa}-{po}- no, he bersufiks {a}-{e}-{u}-a- pengulangan berkombinasi dan pembubuhan sufiks {pa-a} pengulangan berkombinasi pembubuhan konfiks. Perilaku morfologi Verba Proses di amati melalui makna aspektualitas Verba.

Kata Kunci : Verb Process in Wangi-wangi Dialect in Taliabu