ABSTRAK

Aisun Nursafitri, 2024. Pengaruh *Islamic Corporate Governace, Islamic Corporate Social Responsibility*, Proporsi Dewan Komisaris Independen Dan Dewan Pengawas Syariah Terhadap Kinerja Perbankan Syariah. Ketua Komisi: Iqbal M. Aris Ali, SE., S.Psi., MSA., Ak.,CA. Anggota komisi: Gregorius Jeandry, SE., M.Si. Ak.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh *Islamic Corporate Governance, Islamic Corporate Social Responsibility*, Proporsi Dewan Komisaris Independen dan Dewan Pengawas Syariah Terhadap Kinerja Perbankan Syariah. Populasi yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah 9 Bank Umum Syariah yang terdaftar di Otoritas Jasa Keuangan berturut-turut 2017-2021. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode kuantitatif dengan menggunakan data sekunder. Teknik pengumpulan data menggunakan teknik *purposive sampling*. Adapun model yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini yaitu regresi data panel dengan menggunakan eviews 13 sebagai alat analisis. Hasil pengujian hipotesis pada penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa *Islamic Corporate Social Responsibility*, Proporsi Dewan Komisaris Independen dan Dewan Pengawas Syariah tidak berpengaruh positif terhadap Kinerja perbankan syariah. Sedangkan *Islamic Corporate Governance* berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap Kinerja Perbankan Syariah.

Kata Kunci: *Islamic Corporate Governance, Islamic Corporate Social Responsibility*, Proporsi Dewan Komisaris Independen, Dewan Pengawas Syariah, Kinerja Perbankan Syariah.

ABSTRACT

Aisun Nursafitri, 2024. The Effect of Islamic Corporate Governance, Islamic Corporate Social Responsibility, Proportion of Independent Commissioners and Sharia Supervisory Board on Islamic Banking Performance. Chairperson of the Commission: Iqbal M. Aris Ali, SE, S.Psi, MSA, Ak, CA. Commission members: Gregorius Jeandry, SE., M.Si. Ak.

This study aims to determine the effect of Islamic Corporate Governance, Islamic Corporate Social Responsibility, Proportion of Independent Commissioners and Sharia Supervisory Board on Islamic Banking Performance. The population used in this study were 9 Islamic Commercial Banks registered with the Financial Services Authority in a row 2017-2021. This study uses quantitative methods using secondary data. The data collection technique used purposive sampling technique. The model used in this study is panel data regression using eviews 13 as an analytical tool. The results of hypothesis testing in this study indicate that Islamic Corporate Social Responsibility, the Proportion of the Independent Board of Commissioners and the Sharia Supervisory Board have no positive effect on Islamic banking performance. While Islamic Corporate Governance has a positive and significant effect on Islamic Banking Performance.

Keyword: ***Islamic Corporate Governance, Islamic Corporate Social Responsibility, Proportion of Independent Commissioners, Sharia Supervisory Board, Islamic Banking*****.**