

ABSTRAK

Desi Tiara Faradila, 2023. Pengaruh *Current Ratio*, *Earning Per Share*, *Economic Value Added*, *Retention Ratio*, dan *Residual Income* Terhadap Harga Saham. Ketua komisi : Dr. Irfan Zamzam, SE., M.Sc., Ak., CA. Anggota Komisi : Kasim Sinen, SE., M.Si

Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah untuk menganalisis bagaimana pengaruh *current ratio*, *earning per share*, *economic value added*, *retention ratio*, dan *residual income* berpengaruh terhadap harga saham. Populasi penelitian yang digunakan adalah seluruh perusahaan manufaktur sektor makanan dan minuman yang terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia tahun 2018-2022. Jenis data yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini ialah data kuantitatif. Sumber data yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini ialah data sekunder yaitu berupa laporan keuangan dan laporan tahunan yang bisa didapat pada situs web Bursa Efek Indonesia (BEI). Metode pengumpulan data menggunakan *purposive sampling*. Total sampel penelitian terdapat sebanyak 124 sampel. Penggunaan regresi linear berganda dan data panel sebagai alat analisis dalam penelitian dengan menggunakan Eviews. Hasil dari penelitian menunjukkan bahwa *retention ratio* berpengaruh positif terhadap harga saham. Sedangkan, *current ratio*, *earning per share*, *economic value added*, dan *residual income* tidak berpengaruh terhadap harga saham.

Kata Kunci : *Current ratio*, *earning per share*, *economic value added*, *retention ratio*, *residual income*, harga saham.

ABSTRACT

Faradila, Desi Tiara. 2023. *The Influence of Current Ratio, Earning Per Share, Economic Value Added, Retention Ratio, and Residual Income Affect Stock Prices.* Head of Supervisor: Dr. Irfan Zamzam, SE., M.Sc., Ak., CA. Member of Supervisor: Kasim Sinen, SE., M.Si.

This research aims to analyze how the influence of the current ratio, earning per share, economic value added, retention ratio, and residual income affect stock prices. The research population consists of all manufacturing companies in the food and beverage sector listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange from 2018 to 2022. The type of data used in this study is quantitative data. The data source used in this research is secondary data in the form of financial reports and annual reports that can be obtained on the Indonesia Stock Exchange (IDX) website. The data collection method uses purposive sampling. The total sample size is 124 samples. Multiple linear regression and panel data are used as analytical tools in the research, employing Eviews. The results show that the retention ratio has a positive effect on stock prices. However, the current ratio, earnings per share, economic value added, and residual income do not have a significant effect on stock prices.

Keywords: *Current ratio, earning per share, economic value added, retention ratio, residual income, stock price.*