

GAMBARAN KLINIKOPATOLOGI KANKER KOLOREKTAL DI RSUD DR. H. CHASAN BOESOIRIE TERNATE TAHUN 2018-2023

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ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang: Menurut International Agency for Research on Cancer, kanker kolorektal atau kanker usus besar mencakup kanker kolon dan rektum. Kanker kolorektal adalah kanker paling umum ke-3 dan penyebab kematian paling umum ke-4 terkait dengan kanker dan menurut Global Cancer Observatory pada tahun 2020 CRC menempati posisi ke-2 dengan kasus kematian terbanyak.

Tujuan: Mengetahui bagaimana gambaran klinikopatologi kanker kolorektal di RSUD Dr. H. Chasan Boesoirie ternate tahun 2018-2023.

Metode: Penelitian deskriptif dengan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Sampel diambil menggunakan teknik *total sampling*.

Hasil: Dari 29 kasus terbanyak berada pada rentang usia 51-60 tahun yaitu berjumlah 10 kasus (34,5%) dengan jenis kelamin laki-laki sebanyak 16 kasus (55,2%). Gejala klinis terbanyak yaitu BAB berdarah berjumlah 14 kasus (48,3%) dan lokasi terbanyak berada di rektum yakni 15 sampel (51,7%), selain itu tipe histopatologi terbanyak adenokarsinoma berjumlah 25 sampel (86,2%) diikuti dengan derajat diferensiasi tumor berdiferensiasi baik sebagai kasus terbanyak yakni 22 sampel (72,9%).

Simpulan: Sebagian besar kasus berada pada rentang usia 51-60 tahun dengan jenis kelamin laki-laki dan gejala klinis BAB berdarah, lokasi terbanyak di rektum dengan tipe histopatologi terbanyak adalah adenokarsinoma berdiferensiasi baik.

Kata Kunci: Adenokarsinoma, Kanker Kolorektal, Klinikopatologi

CLINICOPATHOLOGIC FEATURES OF COLORECTAL CANCER AT RSUD DR. H. CHASAN BOESOIRIE TERNATE 2018-2023

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ABSTRACT

Background: According to the International Agency for Research on Cancer, colorectal cancer or colon cancer includes cancer of the colon and rectum. Colorectal cancer is the 3rd most common cancer and the 4th most common cause of death related to cancer and according to Global Cancer Observatory in 2020 CRC is the 2nd most cases of death.

Aim: Knowing the clinicopathological features of colorectal cancer at RSUD Dr. H. Chasan Boesoirie Ternate in 2018-2023.

Methods: Descriptive study with a cross sectional approach. Samples of the study taken using total sampling technique.

Results: Of the 29 cases, most were in the age range of 51-60 years namely 10 cases (34.5%), with 16 cases (55.2%) were males. The most clinical symptoms are bloody stools as many as 14 cases (48.3%), and mostly located in the rectum namely 15 samples (51.7%), the most common histopathological type is adenocarcinoma as many as 25 samples (86.2%) followed by the degree of tumor differentiation are well-differentiated, which was the most cases namely 22 samples (72.9%).

Conclusion: Most cases were in the age range of 51-60 years with male gender and bloody stool as clinical symptoms, mostly located in the rectum with histopathology type mostly are adenocarcinoma well-differentiated.

Keywords: Adenocarcinoma, Colorectal Cancer, Clinicopathology